PHD Kayachikitsa Syllabus

A) Fundamental of Kayachikitsa

Marks- 10

- **1. Rogi-Roga Pariksha**: Nidan Panchak Trividha pariksha Asthavidha pariksha, Dashvidha pariksha in the light of recent advances, Clinical methods Detailed history taking and patient examination, Systemic examination as per Ayurveda and recent advances.
- **2. Principles of Chikitsa in Ayurveda:** Detailed Knowledge of Principal of Chikitsa in Ayurveda types of chikitsa principal and practices of Rasayana and Vajikaran, application of emerging trends in Panchakarma in medical management
- **3. Interpretation of common investigations:** ECG, Echo cardiography, TMT, Spirometry, X-ray, USG, CT-Scan, MRI, EEG, in different pathological conditions.
- **4. Common medical procedures:** Elaborate knowledge of undertaking common medical procedures like Ryle's tube feeding, typing, transfusions, catheterization and tractions.
- 5. Ayurveda Dietetics: importance of Pathya, Apathya and Anupana.

B) National Health Programme, Medical ethics and Drug-drug interactions

Marks- 10

- **1.** Malaria, Leprosy, Tuberculosis, AIDS, Filaria, Kala Azar National Health Programme and prospective role of Ayurveda services and therapeutics in them.
- 2. Common laws and regulations: Medical ethics, Common laws and regulations application applicable to clinical practice.
- 3. Drug-drug interaction and adverse drug reaction, iatrogenic disorders.

Marks- 10

Nidana/ Chikitsa including Nidana Parivarjana, Pathya, Apathaya, Chikitsa siddanta, Shamana, Shodhana, Panchakarma, Rasayana and Atyayika Chiktsa (Anupana, Drug/Non-drug) as per Ayurvedic and conventional therapeutics of following Srotogatavyadhi:

1. Pranavahasrotas: Shwasa, Hikka, Kasa, Rajayakshama, Hridroga, Parshwasoola, Urakshata, Svaranheda

Cardio-respiratory system: Bronchitis, Bronchiactasis, asthma, COPD, Corpulmonale, Pneumonias, Occupational lung diseases Pulmonary tuberculosis, Congenital Heart diseases, Cardiac failures, Cardiomyopathy, Pericarditis, Endocarditis, Hypertension,

2. Annavahasrotas: Agnimandya, Ajirna, Aruchi, Amadosha, Amalpitta, Chhardhi, Shoola, Grahani.

Gastrointestinal distorders: GERD, APD, Malabsrption Syndrome,

- 3. Udakavahasrotas: Trishna, Shotha, Udararoga, water and electrolyte imbalance
- **4. Rasavahasrotas:** Jwara , Amavata, Pandu, Madatyaya, Anaemias, Rheumatiod arthritis, Substance abuse disorders.
- **5. RaktavahaSrotas**: Rakatapitta, Kamala, Vatarakta, Kshudraroga, Kshudraroga, Sheetaptta, Udarda, Kotha, Visarapa, Haemopoetitic disorders, Bleeding and Coagulation disorders, Parasitic Heoatitis, Cirrhosis, Liver abscess, Jaundice, Dermatological disorders, Parastic, Infective, Allergic, Autoimmune skin disoeders, Eczemas.
- **6. Mamsa- Medovahasrotas**: Medoroga, Sthaulya, Prameha, Galaganda, Gandamala, Urustambha, Diabetes mellitus, over weight.
- 7. Asthi- Majihavahasrotas: Asthikshaya, Sandhigatavata, Osteoarthitits, Osteonia
- 8. Shurkravahasrotas: Such as Kalibya, Dwajabhanga, Imptence

- **9. Mutravahasrotas**: Mutrakricchra, Mutraghata, Ashmari, Adhamana, Krimi, Urinari disorders: UTI lithiasis, ARF, CRF, Uraemia, BPH.
- **10. Purishvahasritas**: Atisara, Pravahika , Anaha, Adhamana, Krimi, Udavarta, Enteritis, Dysenteries, Ulcerative colitis, IBS, Worm infection.

D) Vishishata Roga Chikitsa

Marks-10

Comprehensive Knowledge of etiology demography pathogenesis, symptomatology, complications, investigation, diagnosis, and drug/non-drug management of following diseases as per Ayurveda/Conventional therapeutics:

1. Vata- Vyadhi - Pakshavadha, Adharanga, Vata, Sarvanga Vata, Ananta Vata, Gata Vata, Gridhrasi, Ardita, Akshepaka, Apatantraka, Ekangvata, Vishvanchi, Avabahuka, Avarana.

Musculoskeletal disorders: Myopathies GB Syndrome Muscular dystrophies, Lumbago Neurological disorder Neurodegenerative disorders like Alzeihmer Paekinonism, CVA, Neuropathies, Facial palsy, Motor Neuron Diseases, Epilepsy Sciatica.

- **2. Sankramakroga**: Sheetala, Masoorika, Updansha, Phiranga, Gonorrhea, Chancroids, Syphils
- **3. Manasa vyadhi**: Unmada, Apasmara, Atatvaviniesha, Mada, Moorcha, Sanyasa. Common psychiatric disorders: Classification of psychiatric ailment. Disorder of thought like Schizophrenia. Disorder of Mood like Mania Depression Neurosis, Reprsonality disorders, psychosexual disorders.
- **4. Metabolic disorder:** Gout, Dyslipidaemia , Atherosclerosis, Obesity.
- **5. Endocrinal disorder:** Disorders of Pituitary, Thyroid, Adrenal Medulla, Reproductive hormones.

- **6. Parastic/Infective/Communicable disorders:** Shipada, Filariasis, VishamaJvara, Malaria, Manthara Jwara, Enteric Fever Dengue, Chickenpox, Measles, Influenza, Kalaazar, Mumps, Rabies, Poliomyelitis, Plague, Meningitis, Encephalitis, Chickungunya, HIV/AIDS, Common worm infestations.
- **7. Common neoplastic disorder** and their management strategies. Role of Ayurveda medicines in cancer care including palliative care.
- **8. Autommune diseases:** Myopathies, Rheumatic fever, SLE.
- **9. Common poisonings and their management:** Insecticide/Pesticide poisoning, Snake poisoning, Vegetable and chemical poisoning.
- **10. Janapadodhvamsa Vikara:** Environmental diseases and their management Disaster management strategies.

E) Advances in Kayachikitsa

Marks- 10

Critical care medicine, Management of medical emergencies, ICU services, Field medical services.

1. Hospital management strategies of AYUSH and components under NRHM:

Infrastructure use of IT technology essential manpower, equipment, Patient care management and coordination with contemporary health institution and field institutions. National Health Campaigns of AYUSH AND components under NRHM.

- **2.** Clinical Research in Kayachikitsa and its application: Clinical medicine as per new evidence base in different systemic disorders. Role of Ayurveda in immune-protection, immune-modulation
- **3. New emerging health challenges and Ayurvedic medicines**: Chikungunya, HIV/AIDs, Swineflu, Chickenflu, Dengue, Restless leg syndrome, Sick building syndrome, Fibromyalagia.

- **4. Organ transplantation:** Indication and importance of Organ transplantation, Ethical and legal issues involved.
- **5. Geriatric Care and Radio-isotopes:** Knowledge of Geriatric care and terminal care medicine. Radio-isotopes, disease and tumor in diagnosis and assessment of therapy.
- 6. Rasayan: Different type of Rasayan and its mode of action clinically.
- 7. Vajikaran: Classification and importance of Vajikaran practices.
- **8.** Indriypradoshaja: Senory and Cranical never disorders.
- **9. Gene therapy**: Basic knowledge of Gene therapy, Stem cell therapy, Genetic modeling and chromosomal disorders in different disease conditions.
- **10. Rehabilitation:** Physical medication and rehabilitation.